

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

Approved For Release 2002/06/05 : CIA-RDP77M00144R0008001600210768

25 MAR 1976

Mr. James M. Frey
Assistant Director for Legislative Reference
Office of Management and Budget
Washington, D.C. 20503

Dear Mr. Frey:

Enclosed is a proposed report to Chairman Eastland, Senate Committee on the Judiciary, in response to a request for our recommendations on S. 796, a bill "To amend chapter 5, subchapter II, of title 5, United States Code, to provide for improved administrative procedures."

Advice is requested as to whether there is any objection to the submission of this report from the standpoint of the Administration's program.

Sincerely,

SIGNED

George L. Cary
Legislative Counsel

Enclosure

Distribution:

Orig ✓ Addressee, w/encl
✓ - OLC Subject, w/encl
1 - OLC OMB Liaison, w/encl
1 - OLC Chrono, w/o encl
OLC:WPB:sm (22 Mar 76)



CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20505

Honorable James O. Eastland, Chairman
Committee on the Judiciary
United States Senate
Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Mr. Chairman:

This is in response to your request for our views on S. 796, a bill "To amend chapter 5, subchapter II, of Title 5, United States Code, to provide for improved administrative procedures."

Subsections (b) through (e) of section 553 of the Administrative Procedure Act establish certain procedures to be followed by Federal agencies in rulemaking. These procedures include advance public notice of rulemaking, opportunity to submit views, and delayed effectiveness of rules. Subsection (a) of section 553 makes these procedures inapplicable "to the extent that there is involved a military or foreign affairs function of the United States." S. 796 would amend subsection (a) and exempt instead "a matter pertaining to a military or foreign affairs function of the United States that is (A) specifically authorized under criteria established by Executive order to be kept secret in the interest of the national defense or foreign policy and (B) is in fact properly classified pursuant to such Executive order."

The foreign intelligence responsibilities performed by the Central Intelligence Agency are fully excluded from the requirements of section 553 because they fall within the existing general exemption for military or foreign affairs functions. It is our position that foreign intelligence functions should continue to be generally excluded from public rulemaking procedures, and for this reason we are opposed to narrowing the existing exemption, as proposed in S. 796.

necessary
The existing exemption fully protects sensitive intelligence matters from public disclosure and, therefore, achieves society's interest in preserving the secrecy of certain foreign intelligence activities. This would not necessarily be accomplished under the exemption proposed in S. 796 as the responsibilities for the Director of Central Intelligence to protect intelligence sources and methods from unauthorized disclosure are an explicit statutory direction and are not based upon Executive order.

(50 USC 403)



*These responsibilities
are basic*
Approved For Release 2002/06/05 : CIA-RDP77M00144R000800160021-7
*and we believe,
depend upon*

The best would therefore invite
leakage from diverse interest
groups and they -- be properly
classified prior to be properly

There are two additional considerations which militate against removing the exemption from public rulemaking procedures for the foreign intelligence function. The first consideration involves the interest of conducting the Government's business efficiently and expeditiously. In the foreign intelligence area, society's interest in public participation is slight. The Central Intelligence Agency is not engaged in economic, social or other kinds of regulation which affect the public; nor is it a policy making agency in the field of foreign relations. The Agency was established under the National Security Act of 1947 to correlate and evaluate foreign intelligence and to perform other intelligence-related duties at the direction of the National Security Council. Rules involving foreign intelligence functions have such a minimal public impact, if any, that the public's interest would be best served by preserving the crucial exemption from the rulemaking procedures function. The second consideration involves the constitutionality of imposing procedural requirements on the performance of certain duties committed to the office of the President. It is believed that the foreign intelligence function lies within this constitutional zone. , on balance,

For the foregoing reasons, this Agency opposes favorable consideration of S. 796 in its present form.

The Office of Management and Budget has advised there is no objection to the submission of this report from the standpoint of the Administration's program.

*the minimal impact
on the public of the functions of the
CIA.*

Sincerely,

George L. Cary
Legislative Counsel

ILLEGIB